

# **Invasive Species in the Lower Mainland 101**

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#### **Overview**

- 1. About Me & Ice Breaker
- 2. The Invasive Species Council of BC
- 3. Terminology, Definitions & Characteristics
- 4. Why are Invasive Species a Problem?
- 5. Noteworthy Invasive Species in BC
- 6. Invasive Species and BC's Indigenous Culture
- 7. ISCBC Programs
- 8. How You Can Help
- 9. Resources



# 1. About Me



- Marine Ecologist
- ISCBC Research & Projects Coordinator



Clubbed Tunicate (Styela clava)



Asian Paddle Crab (Charybdis japonica)









**Native** 

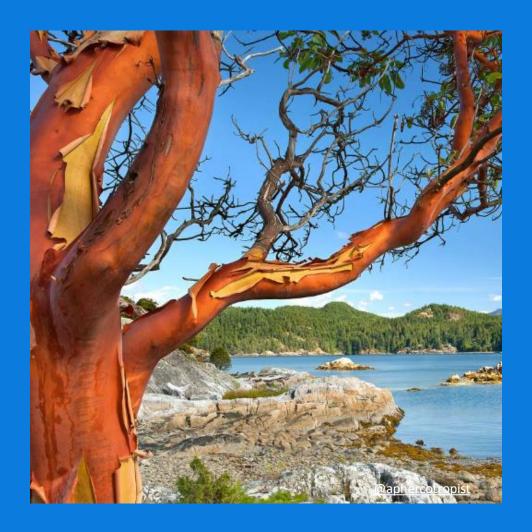
Pacific
Dogwood
(Cornus
nuttallii)





**Invasive** 

Himalayan
Blackberry
(Rubus armeniacus)





**Native** 

Arbutus (Arbutus menziesii)





**Invasive** 

Red-eared
Slider
(Trachemys
scripta
elegans)





# 2. ISCBC



# **About ISCBC**

- Largest provincial invasive species charity in Canada
- Focus is education, outreach, training, cross-border collaboration across Canada and internationally
- Founding member, co-chair of the Canadian Council on Invasive Species





# **About ISCBC**

#### **Guided by a diverse Board of Directors**

- Provincial government
- Federal government
- Local/Regional governments
- First Nations
- Non-government
- Industry
- Recreation/tourism
- Regional committees
- Environmental groups





# **Regional Connections**

#### **Regional Partnerships**

- Work in partnership with 13 regional invasive species organizations
- Special programs include:













Host webinars, local workshops, in-person and online training

- And more!

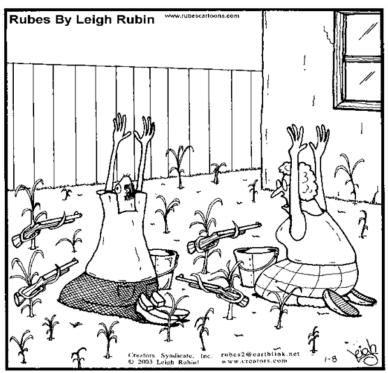


3. Terminology,

Definitions

and Key

Characteristics



"We never should have waited this long ... Now the weeds have *completely* taken over."

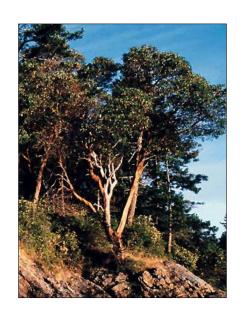






# A *native species* is one that naturally occurs in an area:

- A organism that has lived and evolved in a given place for a long time, is part of the natural ecosystem
- Adapted to local conditions, coevolved with other species, predators, diseases, & climate factors



**Arbutus** (*Arbutus menziesii*)



#### A non-native or invasive species:

- Is introduced either intentionally or accidentally, usually by humans from geographically distant locations
- Can be desirable or undesirable - a.k.a. invasive, alien or exotic



Purple Loosestrife (Lythrum salicaria)



American Bullfrog (Lithobates catesbeianus)





NOT ALL INTRODUCED SPECIES ARE OR WILL BECOME INVASIVE



# 1. Prolific reproducers

#### **Spotted Knapweed**



> 140,000 seeds/year

#### European Green Crab



~ 200,000 eggs/year



# 2. Spread easily and effectively



Hound's Tongue Burrs



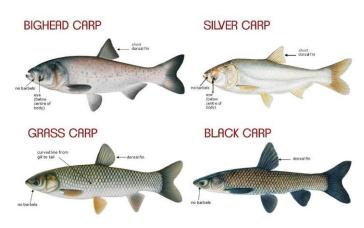
Zebra Mussels



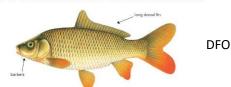
Eurasian Watermilfoil Fragments



# 3. They grow rapidly under many conditions and are physiologically tolerant













4. Usually initially free of the natural stressors like predators, grazers, parasites, diseases found in their native range.







Japanese Beetle (Popillia japonica)



# 4. Why are Invasive Species Problematic?



# **Economic Impacts**

#### **Agriculture & Ranching**

Reduces crop quantity and quality

# Transportation

MoTI invests \$1.3 Million/yr on control

Reduction in **Property Values** 













Invasive plants in the Agricultural sector \$2.2 billion



AIS in The Great Lakes \$7 billion

Invasive plants
in the
Agricultural sector
\$2.2 billion



AIS in The Great Lakes \$7 billion

Forestry \$20 billion

Invasive plants
in the
Agricultural sector
\$2.2 billion



# **Environmental Impacts**

#### **Affects Biodiversity**

#### Invasive species:

- Compete with native species
- Predate upon native species
- Alter ecosystems and their functions
- Impact water quality and quantity
- Decrease soil productivity
- Alter natural fire & flood regimes
- Transmit and carry diseases
- Hybridize with native species

BC is
Canada's
most
biodiverse
province/
territory



# **Social/Cultural Impacts**

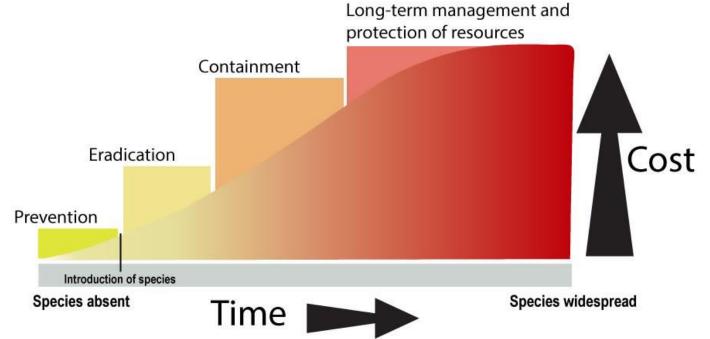
- May pose health and safety risks
- Reduce recreational values of green spaces, close parks, trails
- First Nations culture









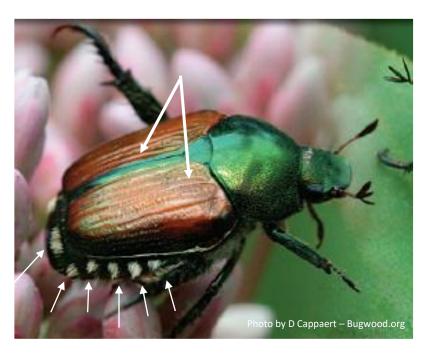




# 5. Noteworthy Invasive Species in BC



### Identifying Popillia japonica



- Identified in False Creek's David Lam Park in 2017.
- Attacks roots, foliage and fruit of a variety of host plants >300 types.
- Larvae favor turf grass
- Info on at inspection.gc.ca/JB



# Impacts of Japanese Beetle Popillia japonica









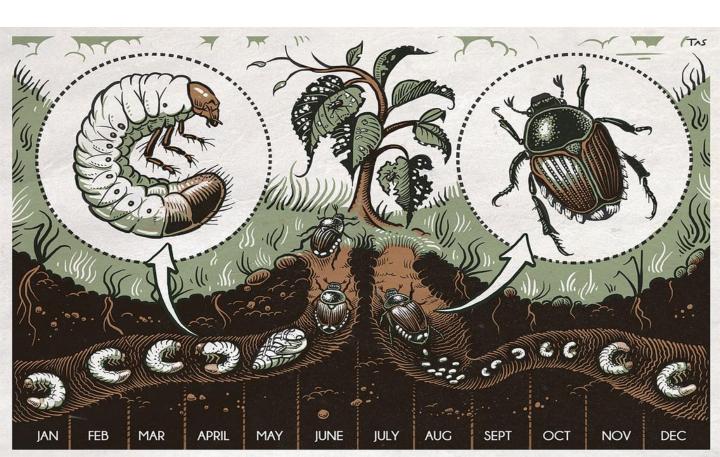


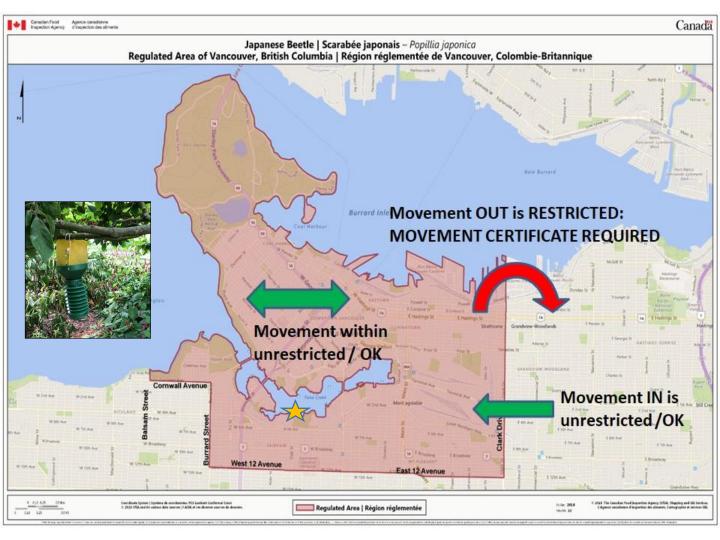
### Identifying Popillia japonica



Egg 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup> Instars Pupa Adult

## Japanese Beetle Life Cycle in BC









Japanese knotweed (Reynoutria japonica)









# Giant knotweed (Reynoutria sachalenensis)













Himalayan knotweed (Polygonum polystachyum)









Bohemian knotweed (Reynoutria x bohemica)











### **Knotweed and Real Estate**

# Japanese knotweed invasion is halting house sales as buyers are denied mortgages on blighted properties

- Homeowners are facing bills of up to £20,000 to remove plant before they can sell
- Weed can grow more than 9ft in just ten weeks and can damage foundations and drains
- · Barclays Bank declines mortgage applications unless the knotweed is removed



# Japanese knotweed court victory for homeowner over neighbour who failed to tackle invasive weed over 13 years

A court has awarded substantial legal costs to Adam Smith and ordered Rosemary Line to remove Japanese knotweed from the land at Maenporth near Falmouth



### **Giant Hogweed**

Heracleum mantegazzianum













# Invasive Hornets Vespa spp.

# Two Detections in 2019

### Vespa mandarina

- Nanaimo
- Nest destroyed

### Vespa soror

- Port of Vancouver
- Only found one

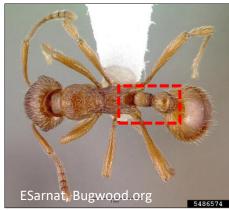


Youtube search "Conrad Berube" - <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DXZeS1g7oxM&t="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DXZeS1g7oxM&t="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DXZeS1g7oxM&t="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DXZeS1g7oxM&t="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DXZeS1g7oxM&t="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DXZeS1g7oxM&t="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DXZeS1g7oxM&t="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DXZeS1g7oxM&t="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DXZeS1g7oxM&t="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DXZeS1g7oxM&t="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DXZeS1g7oxM&t="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DXZeS1g7oxM&t="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DXZeS1g7oxM&t="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DXZeS1g7oxM&t="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DXZeS1g7oxM&t="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DXZeS1g7oxM&t="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v="https://watch?v="https://watch?v="https://watch?v="https://watch?v="https://watch?v="https://watch?v="https://watch?v="https://watch?v="https://watch?v="https://watch?v="https://watch?v="https://watch?v="https://watch?v="https://watch?v="https://watch?v="https://watch?v="https://watch?v="https://watch?v="https://watch?v="https



### European Fire Ant (Myrmica rubra)













Butterfly Bush





- Butterfly Bush
- Scotch Broom





- Butterfly Bush
- Scotch Broom
- Himalayan Balsam





- Butterfly Bush
- Scotch Broom
- Himalayan Balsam
- European ChaferBeetle





- Butterfly Bush
- Scotch Broom
- Himalayan Balsam
- European ChaferBeetle
- Parrot's Feather





- Butterfly Bush
- Scotch Broom
- Himalayan Balsam
- European ChaferBeetle
- Parrot's Feather
- Goldfish





# 5. Invasive Species and BC's Indigenous Culture







**Sweetgrass** (*Hierochloe odorata*)



**Sage** (*Artemisia tridentata*)









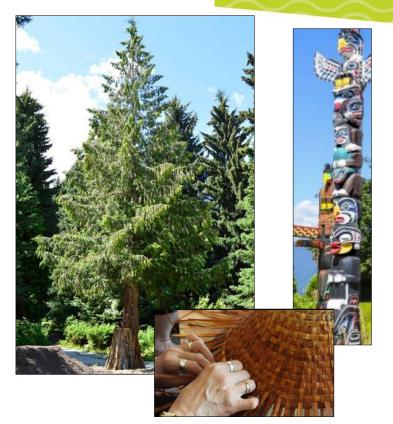
**Spotted Knapweed** (*Centaurea maculosa*)

Diffuse Knapweed (Centaurea diffusa)



## **English Ivy**

Hedera helix







**Cedars** 







Common burdock (Arctium minus)



Dalmatian toadflax (Linaria genistifolia ssp. dalmatica)

Oxeye daisy (Leucanthemum vulgare)



### Soapberry (Shepherdia canadensis)





Himalayan Blackberry (Rubus armeniacus)



**Scotch Broom** (Cytisus scoparius)



## **6. ISCBC Programs**







beplantwise.ca





**Goal:** Prevent introduction and spread of invasive horticultural plants



**Goal:** Prevent the spread of aquatic invasive plants, animals and microorganisms to BC waters.





Invasive Dreissenid Mussels
NOT YET IN BC!



#### What Should I do Instead?

- Contact the retailer to see if they will take it back.
- Contact science centers, zoos or aquariums to see if they can use the animal/fish for educational purposes.
- Consider humane euthanasia by a veterinarian.
- Dry and freeze unwanted aquatic plants and add them to non-composted trash.

# Releasing unwanted pets is not humane or ethical.



European Rabbit

Parrot Feather









Focus on outdoor recreation





European gypsy moth (Lymantria dispar)



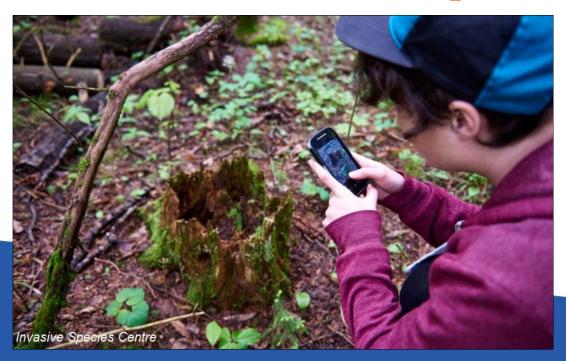
Asian Longhorned Beetle (Anoplophora glabripennis)



Emerald Ash Borer (Agrilus planipennis)



## 7. How You Can Help





### Be Invasive-Wise: Reporting

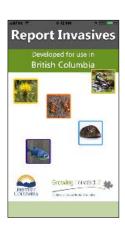
### Ways to report to include:



Report-Invasives BC Mobile App









#### And:

Phone 1-888-933-3722

Email info@bcinvasives.ca

Your Regional Invasive Species Organization or local government



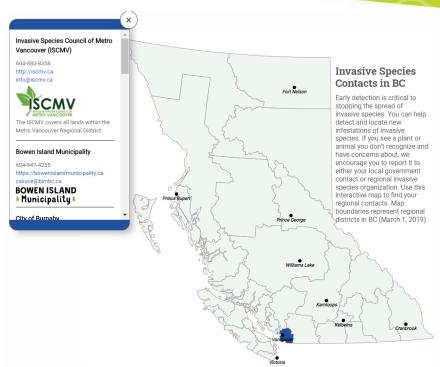
### 8. Resources



American Bullfrog (Lithobates catesbeianus)



# Regional Invasive Species Organizations



For Regional Organizations in BC please visit

https://bcinvasives.ca/about/partners/invasive-species-contacts-bc



### **Be Invasive-Wise**

#### Additional publications available:

Field Guide to Noxious Weeds and other Invasive Plants

Many species-specific factsheets

Grow Me Instead resources

Best practices guides

Webinars

Online training

### bcinvasives.ca











FACTSHEET

**JULY 2017** 

#### **About Knotweeds**

Four knotweed species are currently found in British Columbia: Japanese knotweed (Fallopia japanica), Giant knotweed mica), and Himalayan knotweed (Polygonum polystochyum) All four species are similar in appearance, biology, impacts, distribution, and methods of control and will be discussed under the general title of "knotweeds".

Knotweeds are one of the 100 worst invasive species as identified by the International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) and a top-ten invasive species for control in BC. Its ability to tolerate a range of soil types and climates means that it has the potential to spread much further than it has to date.

#### Distribution

Knotweeds are native to Asia and were introduced to British Columbia as an ornamental plant. In British Columbia, they are found in the following regions: Vancouver Island, Central Coast, Sunshine Coast, North Coast (Haida Gwaii), Lower Mainland, Nechako, Cariboo, Thompson-Okanagan and the Kootenays

#### **Legal Status**

Knotweeds are designated as provincially noxious under the Weed Control Act. They are also regulated under the Forest and Range Practices Act and Community Charter.

#### Identification

A "Key to Identification of Invasive Knotweeds in BC" is

Flowers: Small, white/green flowers grow in showy, plume like, branched clusters along the stem and leaf axils (joints

as bare, grey or straw colored

canes, are hollow with varyin thicknesses, upright, and bam boo-like with reddish-brow red speckles. Stems are een ally 1-5 m in height and grov in large, dense thickets. Stem may persist through the winte



is Grow Me Instead Brochure profiles BC's

at unwanted horticultural plants, along

Guide for British Columbia 2013

their recommended alternatives.



### **Stay Informed**

### Join Today

Become a member of the Invasive Species Council of BC and help protect healthy landscapes, habitats and communities free from invasive species.

Membership Benefits Include Monthly e-Bulletin, free ISCBC resources, discounts on events and training and more.

Memberships for individuals, youth, non-profit, and business/government.

To become a member of the ISCBC or sign up for our e-news please visit our website <u>bcinvasives.ca</u>

Signup for our Newsletter
Get news from the Invasive Species Council of BC delivered to your inbox. We send "General interest" updates monthly and all other updates from time to time. Please select which updates you would like to receive.
Email
First Name
Email Lists
Agriculture
Aquatics



# Calling on Youth to Help Protect BC's Lakes & Rivers

ISCBC Seeks Aquatic Youth Ambassadors





# How to Apply to be BC's Clean Drain Dry Youth Ambassador

### Youth aged 7-14

Submit a short video with their answers to these questions:

- 1. Who are you and where are you from?
- 2. What are your favourite lakes, rivers, and other bodies of water in BC?
- 3. What are your favourite things to do while visiting them?
- 4. Why are they important?
- 5. What do you do to make sure they stay clean and healthy?



# How to Apply to be BC's Clean Drain Dry Youth Ambassador

Send submissions to

peter@mastermindstudios.ca

with "ISCBC Video submission" in the subject line.



# Thank you!

Questions?

projects@bcinvasives.ca