



# **GRASS GONE BAD!**

# NEW INVASIVE SPECIES OF CONCERN TO B.C. GRASSLANDS

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Development

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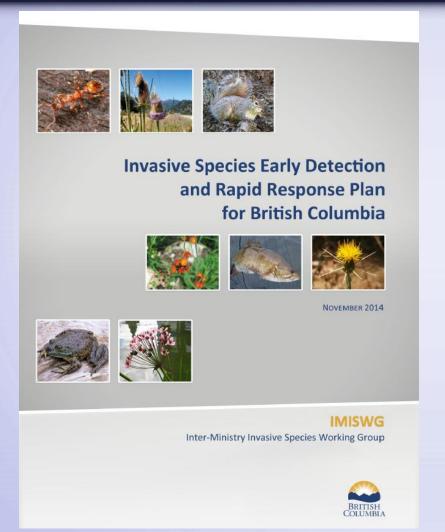




### **OVERVIEW**

- What is Early Detection Rapid Response (EDRR)?
- EDRR Status Update for B.C.
- Bad Grasses (who, what, where)
- Some Other Bad Grasses
- How to Get That Bad Grass Gone!









# What are B.C. Priority Invasive Plants? - EDRR candidate species -

 Terrestrial and aquatic plants known to be invasive and damaging and not known to occur in BC or present in limited amounts.



### EDRR PLANT PROGRAM UPDATE

- 48 EDRR candidate plant species
- EDRR species status updates:
   https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/environment/plants-animals-ecosystems/invasive-species/edrr/edrr-status
- Risk assessments: 46 drafted
- 24 species in EDRR process (298 sites)
  - 20 species under containment/eradication (286 sites)
  - 4 species federally regulated CFIA response





- Reduce forage for livestock & wildlife
- Displace native grassland species (incl. rare/endangered)
- Reduce crop yields & quality
- May contaminate export crops



# BAD GRASS WHAT'S SO BAD ABOUT IT?...IMPACTS

- Increase soil erosion
- May impede machinery
- Can alter irrigation/wetland hydrology and flood retention capacity
- May impede roadside visibility





### WHAT'S SO BAD ABOUT IT?... INTRODUCTION & SPREAD

- Contaminated seed mixes
- Machinery
- Contaminated hay

- Livestock & wildlife grazing
- Recreational activities
- Agricultural field run-off
- Livestock consumption



accidentally introduced to B.C.!

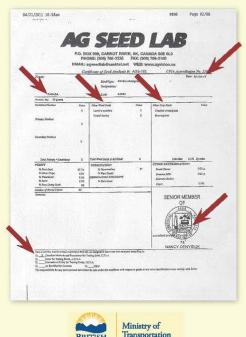
## **PREVENT INTRODUCTIONS** OF BAD GRASS!

CHECK SEED CERTIFICATES

Request seed analysis **BEFORE** the mix is blended

When Reviewing THE CERTIFICATES OF SEED ANALYSIS, check for:

- 1. Date completed.
- 2. Species listed under "Other Crop Seeds", "Other weed seeds" or "Noxious Weeds".
- 3. Signature and stamp from an accredited seed testing laboratory.



https://www2.gov.bc.ca/assets/gov/driving-and-

transportation/environment/invasive-species/invasive plant hiding in seed.pdf





- North African grass (Ventenata dubia)
- Slender false brome (Brachypodium sylvaticum)
- European common reed (Phragmites australis subsp. australis)

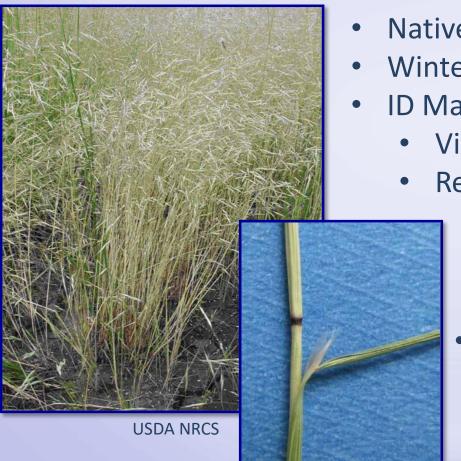
- Jointed goat grass (Aegilops cylindrica)
- Giant reed (Arundo donax)







- Winter annual grass
- ID May to Jun\*
  - Vibrant green
  - Reddish-black nodes
    - Long ligules (1-8 mm)
    - Shallow roots
    - Erect, narrow, in-rolled culms (10-45 cm tall)





### NORTH AFRICAN GRASS: WHAT IS IT?

- Senescence (July-Aug):
  - Lower awns straight
  - Upper awns twisted & bent
- Twisted/bent awns "unwind" once wet and drill into soil
- Reproduces by seed
- Primary dispersal in contaminated grass seed mixtures



**Dave Skinner** 





### NORTH AFRICAN GRASS: LOOK-ALIKES



Cheatgrass (Bromus tectorum)



Timber oatgrass (Danthonia intermedia)



Spike-oat grass (Avenula hookeri)

Adolf Ceska



### NORTH AFRICAN GRASS: WHERE IS IT IN B.C.?

- Sites:
  - 1-MetroVan (0 ha)
  - 51-Kootenay-Boundary (13.62 ha)
  - 3-Central Kootenay (0.01 ha)
- Status: Containment in progress
- Weed Alert REPORT NEW SIGHTINGS





### NORTH AFRICAN GRASS: WHAT ARE WE DOING ABOUT IT?



www.invasives.org

- Risk assessment: Drafted
- Extent Surveys: In progress
- Containment: In progress
- Targeted education
- Promoting seed screening



## SLENDER FALSE BROME (BRACHYPODIUM SYLVATICUM)

Native to Eurasia

Perennial bunchgrass

Evergreen; nodding form

Fringe of fine hairs along leaf and culm

margins





### SLENDER FALSE BROME: WHAT IS IT?

- Young plant "spider-like"
- Flat, floppy leaf blades, freely releasing







**BC** Government

- Solid mats, 30-40 cm tall
- Fibrous root



### **SLENDER FALSE BROME: LOOK-ALIKES**



Columbia brome (Bromus vulgaris)



Velvet grass (Holcus lanatus)

The Rainforest Fund Project



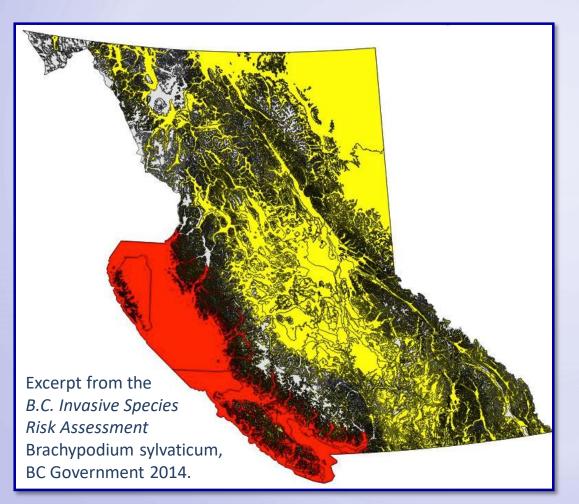
### SLENDER FALSE BROME: WHERE IS IT IN B.C.?

- Sites:
  - 24-Cowichan Valley
  - 62 ha concentrated on the north shore of Cowichan Lk
- Status: Contained, control in progress





### SLENDER FALSE BROME: POTENTIAL B.C. RANGE



Red = highly susceptible to invasion

Yellow = susceptible to invasion



### SLENDER FALSE BROME: WHAT ARE WE DOING ABOUT IT?



- Risk assessment: Drafted
- Extent Surveys: Complete
- Containment: Complete
- Targeted surveillance
- Targeted education



### **EUROPEAN COMMON REED**

(PHRAGMITES AUSTRALIS SUBSP. AUSTRALIS)



- Erect perennial grass (2-5 m tall)
- Terminates in conspicuous, white plumelike inflorescence
- Thick, hollow culm 5-15 mm in diameter
- Flat, stiff leaves
   clasp culm loosely
   with smooth sheath
- Deep, dense rhizomatous mats and far reaching stolons





### PHRAGMITES: WHAT IS IT?

- Seed germination & new shoots occur in spring and fall
- Rhizomes up to 18 m long
- Mature sites <200 stems/m2</li>
- New introductions mainly by seed
- Established sites spread rapidly by root fragments



 Propagules spread mainly by water currents, heavy machinery and contaminated soil



### **PHRAGMITES:** LOOK-ALIKES

Native common reed (*Phragmites australis*)



Giant reed
(Arundo donax)



Pampas grass (Cortaderia spp)



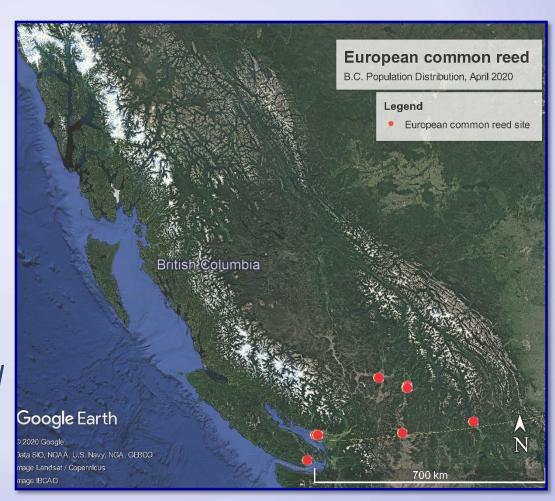
#### DID YOU KNOW?

- Reed canary grass (*Phalaris arundinacea*) Immature culms are often misidentified as Phragmites
- Invasive Phragmites persists year-round as dense clusters of standing dead stems (native Phragmites does not)
- Appearance and growth habits are highly variable, DNA analysis is the most accurate method of differentiating between the invasive and native Phragmites



### PHRAGMITES: WHERE IS IT IN B.C.?

- Sites:
  - 1-Capital
  - 3-Metro Van
  - 1-OK-Similkameen
  - 3-North OK
  - 1-Thompson Nicola
  - 1-Central Kootenay
- Status: Contained, control in progress





### **PHRAGMITES:** WHAT ARE WE DOING ABOUT IT?



- Risk assessment: Drafted
- Provincial DNA verification project
- Extent Surveys: Complete
- Containment: Complete
- Eradication: In progress



### JOINTED GOAT GRASS (AEGILOPS CYLINDRICA)



- Native to SE Europe, W Asia
- Winter annual grass
- Numerous erect stems branching at

base (40-60 cm tall)



Alternate leaves, sparsely hairy, hairs evenly spaced on leaf margin, hairy auricles

Richard Old, XID Services Inc.



### JOINTED GOAT GRASS: WHAT IS IT?

- Narrow cylindrical seed head (5-10 cm long), alternately arranged spikelets on opposite sides of spike axis
- Roots shallow, fibrous
- Sig losses in winter wheat crop yield/quality\*
- Can hybridize w/ wheat
- Reproduces by seed spread mainly in contaminated cereal crops
- Seeds viable after passing through cattle



### **JOINTED GOAT GRASS: LOOK-ALIKES**





Colorado State Ur

	Jointed goat grass	Winter wheat
Seedlings	Reddish – brownish	Whitish - greenish
		Thicker
	Thinner	
Leaf	Evenly spaced hairs along leaf margin	Few or no hairs
	Inconspicuous midrib	
	• Shorter (3-15 cm)	<ul> <li>Conspicuous midrib</li> </ul>
		• Longer
Ligule	• Shorter (0.2-0.8 mm)	• Longer (0.6-2.0 mm)
Spikes	Cylindrical; narrower	• Less cylindrical; wider
Root	Shallow, fibrous; smaller	Shallow, fibrous; larger



### JOINTED GOAT GRASS: WHERE IS IT IN B.C.?

- Sites:
  - 1-MetroVan
  - 4-OK-Similkameen
  - 2-Boundary
  - 1-Cowichan Valley eradicated 2019
- Status: Extent surveys in progress



### JOINTED GOAT GRASS: WHAT ARE WE DOING ABOUT IT?

- Regulated pest under the CAN Plant Protection Act
- Prohibited noxious weed in the Weed Seeds Order, 2016 under the Seeds Act
- Importation and domestic movement of regulated plants and their propagative parts is prohibited
- CFIA is leading the response to new incursions in CAN

Jointed goatgrass spikelets in wheat



Phil Westra, Colorado State Uni

- Risk assessment: Drafted
- Extent surveys: In progress
- Eradication: Cowichan site declared eradicated in 2019



# GIANT REED (ARUNDO DONAX)

- Native to warm, temperate Asia
- Tall perennial grass (<10 m)</li>
- Hollow, bamboo-like culms (1-4 cm diam.)
- Nodes 12-30 cm apart
- Fleshy, rhizomatous root







### GIANT REED (ARUNDO DONAX)

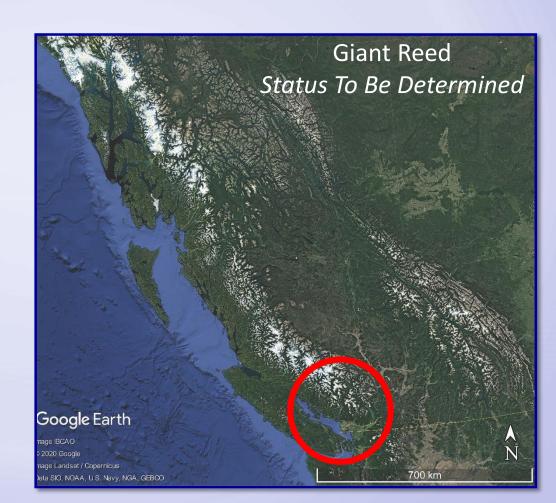
- Pale green leaves (70 cm long) arranged alternately along culm; distinctly tworanked, in a single plane
- Leaves clasp stem broadly with heart-shaped, hairy-tufted base
- Large plume-like panicles (30-65 cm long), cream to brown in colour

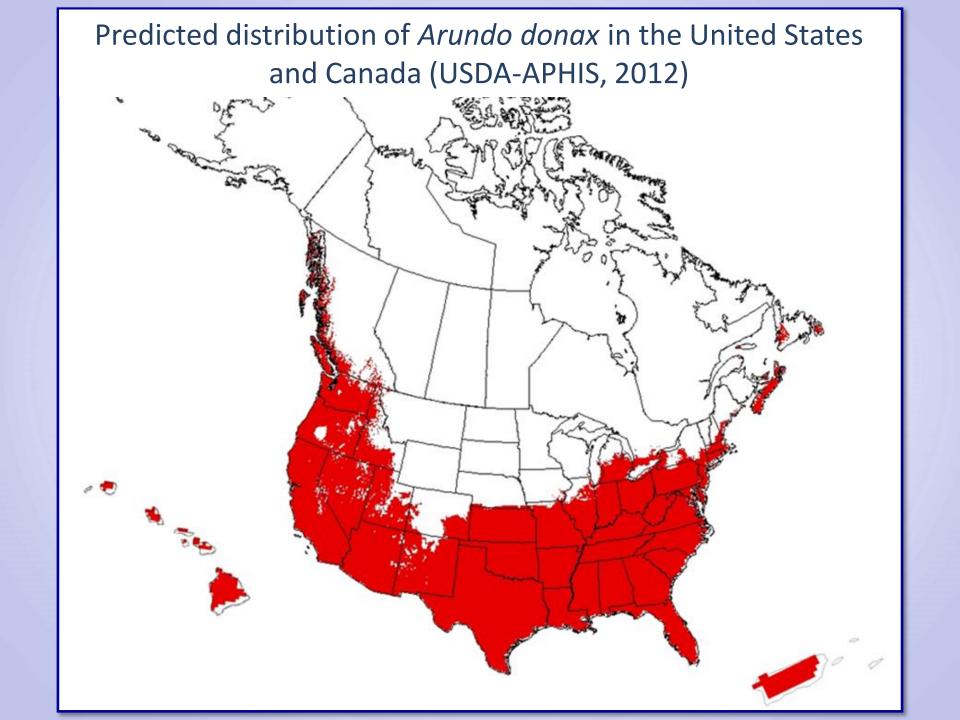




### GIANT REED: WHERE IS IT IN B.C.?

- Not known to occur out of cultivation in Canada
- One reported wholesale retailer in Fraser Valley
- Uses: Ornamental and biofuel crop interest





### GIANT REED: WHAT ARE WE DOING ABOUT IT?

- Regulated pest under the CAN Plant Protection Act
- Importation and domestic movement of regulated plants and their propagative parts is prohibited
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- Risk assessment: Drafted
- Extent surveys: Complete
- Eradication: In progress

https://www.inspection.gc.ca/plant-health/plant-pests-invasive-species/invasive-plants/fact-sheets/giant-reed/eng/1557939393747/1557939394042

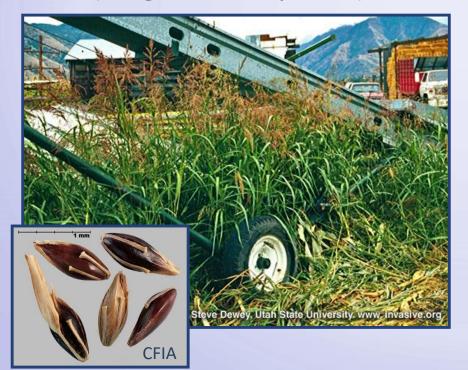


### More Species of Concern to B.C. Grasslands

Not present - Close to B.C. border

Johnson grass (Sorghum halepense)

Medusahead (Taeniatherum caput-medusae)







### More Species of Concern to B.C. Grasslands

Not present - Close to B.C. border

Slender foxtail (Alopecurus myosuroides)



Spring millet grass (Milium vernale)





### HOW CAN YOU HELP?

- Learn how to identify IPs
- Screen seed mixtures to ensure invasive plant free
- Report suspected new sites:
   www.gov.bc.ca/invasive-species
- Plant non-invasive plants
- Stay informed







### **CONCLUSION**

- What is EDRR?
- B.C. EDRR Status Update
- New invasive grasses threatening B.C. grasslands
- Coastline grasses of concern
- Become part of the solution!





### THANK YOU!

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